



1. Secure your State Liquor Law and City Ordinances, and familiarize yourself with them.

Section 217 of Article 20 of the Constitution of the State of North Dakota (see below) has been changed, having been repealed by the Session Laws of 1933 by vote of the people. (See Page 492.)

"CONSTITUTION OF NORTH DAKOTA

Article 20 - Prohibition

217. No person, association or corporation shall within this State, manufacture for sale or gift, any intoxicating liquors, and no person, association or corporation shall import any of the same for sale or gift, or keep or sell or offer the same for sale or gift, barter or trade as a beverage. The legislative assembly shall by law prescribe regulations for the enforcement of the provisions of this article and shall thereby provide suitable penalties for the violation thereof."

This was repealed in 1933, as noted above.

In 1913 there was an Act Prohibiting Advertising Intoxicating Liquor. This was repealed in 1935. - This Advertising was re-authorized in 1937.

In 1935 we have the Municipal Control Act. (See Page 273.)

In 1937 there was an Act requiring liquor dealers to make reports to the State Treasurer (on forms provided by the State), with a penalty if they failed to make the report. (See Page 291.)

In 1937 there was a law passed permitting Common Carriers to carry liquor and to sell it (dining cars, for instance). (See Page 292.)

In 1937 there was also a law passed prohibiting dances being held where liquor is sold. This law, however, is innocuous to the operators, for they have simply moved their bars into another room on the same premises. (Page 237.)

In the November 1936 election an Initiated Measure came into being, known as the Liquor Control Act, which provided for license fees, for excise taxes on beers and wines, for stamps to be placed on the bottles, for licenses to dealers, etc. - This did not apply to 3.2 beer, but to anything containing more than 4 per cent. alcohol by weight. (Page 509.)

In 1939 the Appropriation Act was passed, allowing \$39,200.00 for the biennium of July 1st, 1939, to June 30th, 1941, to cover the following for the Office of State Liquor Control: stamps, furniture, operation, maintenance and equipment, correspondence, fixtures, clerk hire, printing, etc. (Page 109.)

In 1939 there was an Amendment to the Beverage Inspection Act which has to do with the inspection of liquors and also on non-intoxicating beverages. (Page 144.)

City Ordinance; Article 13 of the Ordinances of the City of Fargo, regarding Intoxicating Liquors, covers 15 pages.

2. Get or make a plat of your town. This has been done; a map was purchased.

3. From the city hall get a list of places for which liquor licenses are paid, type of license, and name of property owner.

LIQUOR LICENSES

July 1, 1939 to June 30, 1940.

"OFF-AND-ON SALES"

Owner of Building

			Owner of Building
1	Brady Liquor Store	612 Front St.	Brady
2	Broadway Cigar & Liquor Store	80 Broadway	Edwards Building Corporation (Stern Estate)
3	Empire Tavern (Co-part)	424 Broadway	Andrew Ginakis
4	Five Spot	205 Broadway	Chas. J. Calmer et al
5	Gardner Hotel (Corp'n)	Roberts St. & 1st Ave.	Gate City Realty Co.
6	Grand Recreation Parlors, (Corp'n)	620 - 1st Ave. No.	McCormick, Gorman Co.
7	La Chateau (Corp'n)	2 Broadway	N.P. Block Corporation
8	Nestor Recreation Par.	614--1st Ave. No.	Geo. H. Kirkpatrick
9	Palm Room	226 Broadway	Christine & Helen Bowers
10	Powers Hotel (Corp'n)	400 Broadway	Gate City Realty Co.
11	Silver Tray	514 N.P. Ave.	Bruce & Donald Burritt
12	Todd's Place	520 Front St.	Harry & Joseph B. Stern
13	Tompkins	230 Broadway	Ella O. Jones
14	Waldorf Liquor Store (Co-Part)	708 Front St.	R. R. Gould & N. W. Gray

"OFF SALES"

Owner of Building

1	Broadway Pharmacy	74 Broadway	A. L. Moody
2	The Bismarck	616 Broadway	Sam Aggie
3	Christianson Drug Co.	402 Front St.	Lars Christianson
4	Club Beer & Liquor Store	306 Front St.	A. Jolosky (307 - 1st Ave. So.)
5	Dacotah Drug Co., Inc.	716 Front St.	Luger Co.
6	Hay Drug Co. (Corp'n) (NOW called FOSS DRUG CO.)	23 Broadway	Surratt Bros.
7	Kennedy's Liquor Store	423 N.P. Ave.	Robt. Cole etc.
8	Pay-Less Drug Co.	412 Broadway	Victor Leeb
9	Sid's Savoy	407 N.P. Ave.	E. E. Cole Estate (E. T. Conny, Trustee in charge)

10 ~~Whitney Drug Co., Inc.~~

19 ~~Broadway~~

~~Surratt Bros.~~

"ON SALES"

Lodges

Fargo Aerie #153 Eagles' Lodge	614 1/2--1st Ave. N.	Mr. Kirkpatrick, owner of bldg. is in California, but the renting of the bldg. is taken care of by P. H. Hughes, 704 - 4th Ave. North.
Fargo Lodge #260 BPO Elks	Lodge 102--8th St. N.	Elks Holding Co., a Corp'n

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"WHOLESALE"

Ed. Phillips & Sons, Inc., of North Dakota	318 - 5th St. N.	Bachenheimer Investment Co.
Northern Liquor Co.	808 N.P. Ave.	Union Transfer Co. Bldg.
Northwest Beverage, Inc.	510 - 4th Ave. N. //	L. H. Oehlert of Nilles, Oehlert & Nilles (Attorneys)

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4. Mark on plat all places where liquor is legally sold. ---- See Map.

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5. Have men and women make survey of number of people entering taverns on each night of one week from 5:00 o'clock to closing time.

The 5-Spot serves from 6000 to 8000 in one week, Saturday nights being somewhat larger in patronage. In the districts near the dance halls, places like Todd's, the Waldorf, etc., serve about 50% more patrons on Wednesday nights than on Mondays, Tuesdays, Thursdays, and Fridays. On Saturday nights they serve about twice as many as on the four nights mentioned. This increase of patronage is mainly young people.

6. Find out from police court what liquor laws are being violated. Most of them at some time or other; perhaps mainly those pertaining to closing and to minors.

7. Are gambling devices used in liquor selling places? They were, but they are not now, due to inspection and enforcement of law on the part of the police.

8. Are prostitutes allowed in taverns, and do they openly solicit? **NO.**

9. To what extent are relief checks cashed in your taverns? Possibly one-half to three-fourths.

10. If possible, ascertain to what extent relief money is spent for liquor. Approximately two-thirds of W.P.A. workers (men) drink.

- 11a. What proportion of people drinking in public places are women? Approximately 40%.

- b. What proportion are young people? Approximately 40%.

12. Endeavor to find out from the Internal Revenue Department of your State the number of persons in your community who hold Federal tax receipts for dispensing liquor, who do not have a State, county, or local license. These would be boot-leggers.

Each city and municipality in the county issues its own licenses, and these licenses are not recorded in the State. The County issues licenses only in unincorporated villages. In view of these facts, it would be impossible to arrive at any definite conclusions, as each municipality would need to be consulted, and in most cases they would not be willing to give us the required information.

13a. How many traffic accidents within a year in your community were due to drinking drivers or drinking pedestrians?

There is an average of about one traffic accident a day in this community, with an approximate damage per car, of \$25.00 to \$50.00. The fine for drunken driving may be anywhere from \$25.00 to \$50.00, or even up to \$100.00 in some cases, or 50 to 60 days in jail. As a rule, we find we have to keep them in for a week or two to bring them to their senses.

b. How many deaths?

1935 and 1936 none

1937 - 1 death

1938 - 1

1939 - 2. Do not know whether these had liquor or not. In New Jersey there was a test made, - a blood test, to see whether there was liquor in the blood at the time of the accident; as a result of this test, it was thought that about 60% of the traffic deaths were due to liquor. Whether the percentage here in Fargo would run about the same, I could not say.

14. Give costs of at least one traffic accident, including hospital, physician, damages to property and person, (burial expenses if death ensues,) court costs if case was brought to trial, maintenance of criminal if convicted.

Every traffic death costs me \$50,000.00, including everything.

15. Give population of your town.

37,000, according to the 1938 City Directory. This Directory is published only biennially, so the 1940 census will probably show considerable increase over the above figure.

Number of taxpayers.

Per Capita School Tax, April 1, 1939, 18,866.

16. What are the total taxes of your town?

For 1939, \$578,857.15, as follows:

General Fund	\$283,831.05
Park	39,491.83
Library	19,847.17
Airport	19,847.17
Special Deficiency	35,036.34
Specials (paving, sewers, sidewalks, improvements, etc.)	164,496.77
Police Pension	5,063.05
Final Judgments	4,455.49
Swimming Pool	7,088.28
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	\$578,857.15

17. How much does your town receive from liquor revenue?

From July 1st, 1939, until March 1st, 1940, - 6 months -

\$35,426.92..

All notations on large map
made by

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Survey and Report made by

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Small map made by
Miss Westlund.
Notations thereon also
by Miss Westlund.
