(Continued on the next page.)

Name:

(a)
$$f(x) = \frac{1}{3+5x}$$

(b)
$$f(x) = \frac{x^2}{1+x^2}$$

(c)
$$f(x) = x^3 e^{-x^2}$$

(d)
$$f(x) = \ln(1 - x)$$

(e)
$$f(x) = \tan^{-1}\left(\sqrt{x}\right)$$

2. Do #36 in section 11.7.

3. Use an infinite series to approximate the following definite integrals to four significant digits.

(a)
$$\int_0^1 e^{-x^2} dx$$

(b) $\int_0^{.2} \frac{x^3}{1+x^5} dx$