#### Math 102 Exam 3 Review Sheet

Section 12.1: Introduction to Counting Methods

#### Key Topics:

- Counting sets by listing in roster form
- Counting using tree diagrams

Section 12.2: The Fundamental Counting Principle

# Key Topics:

• Using the Fundamental Counting Principle to count a task that can be broken into a several steps. (multiply the number of ways of doing each step)

- Using "Slot Diagrams" to organize information in a counting problem.
- Counting situations involving extra conditions or restrictions.

# Section 12.3 Permutations and Combinations

# Key Topics:

• Know the definitions of permutations and combinations, and how to determine whether a given example is a permutation, a combination, or neither (hint: in permutations, order matters)

• Memorize and be able to apply the counting formulas for both permutations and combinations:  $P(n, r) = -\frac{n!}{2}$  and  $C(n, r) = -\frac{n!}{2}$ 

$$P(n,r) = \frac{n!}{(n-r)!}$$
 and  $C(n,r) = \frac{n!}{r!(n-r)!}$ 

 ${\bf Section} ~ {\bf 12.FI:} {\rm Counting} {\rm ~and} {\rm ~Gambling}$ 

# Key Topics:

• Memorize the the basics of how a deck of cards is put together (52 cards, 4 suits) and what the standard poker hands are (pair, 2 pair, three of a kind, straight, flush, full house, four of a kind, straight flush)

- Know how to apply basic counting principles in order to determine how many ways a given poker hand can occur
- Know how to count the ways of winning in a game of chance such as a slot machine.

Section 13.1: The Basics of Probability Theory

# Key Topics:

- Know the definitions of: experiment, outcomes, sample space, and event
- Know how to describe an event as a subset of the sample space
- Know the definition of the probability of an outcome and the probability of an event.
- Memorize the three basic properties of probability

• Know how to use counting to calculate both the probability of an event and the "odds" of an event in the case where all outcomes are equally likely.

#### Section 13.2: Complements and Unions of Events

# Key Topics:

• Know how to write a given event as either the complement of an event or as the union of two other events.

• Memorize the basic formulas for computing the probability of the complement of an event and the union of two events.

• Be able to apply Venn diagrams for probability and basic probability formulas to find the probability of events in a given situation.

Section 13.3: Conditional Probability and Intersections of Events

# Key Topics:

• Know the definition of conditional probability and be comfortable with the idea that knowing that one event has occurred can impact the probability that other events occur.

• Know how to compute conditional probabilities both in the case that all outcomes and equally likely, and when outcomes are not all equally likely.

- Know the definition of independent and dependent events, and be able to apply it to a given pair of events.
- Memorize and be able to apply the rule for computing the probability of the intersection of two events.

• Know how to use a tree diagram to help compute conditional probabilities and the probability of the intersection of multiple events.

#### Section 13.4: Expected Value

# Key Topics:

- Know the definition of expected value, and memorize the method for computing it in a specific situation.
- Be able to use expected value to predict the "average" outcome of an experiment or game.

• Memorize the definition of a fair game, and know how to use expected value to determine whether or not a given game is fair.

# Practice Problems: Chapter 12 Test page 713-714 # 2, 4, 5, 8, 9, 10, 12, 14; Chapter 12 FI # 16; Chapter 13 Test # 1, 3, 6, 7, 8, 9, 11, 12, 14