Math 127 Exam 4 Practice Problems

- 1. Translate each of the following expressions into exponential form:
 - (a) $\log_5 x = y$
 - (b) $\log_z 5 = y$
 - (c) $\log_y x = 5$
- 2. Find the *exact* value of each of the following:
 - (a) $\log_2 1(1)$
 - (b) $\log_7(0)$
 - (c) $\log_2(\frac{1}{8})$
 - (d) $\log_3(27)$
 - (e) $\ln(e^2)$
 - (f) $\log .0001$
 - (g) $\log_9(27)$
 - (h) $7^{\log_7(\pi)}$
- 3. Determine whether the following are True or False:

(a)
$$\ln\left(\frac{x^3}{(x+1)(x-1)}\right) = 3\ln x - \ln(x+1) + \ln(x-1)$$

(b) $e^{\ln(x^2+1)} = x^2 + 1$
(c) $e^{x^2} \cdot e^{3x} = e^{3x^3}$
(d) $\frac{\ln(4x)}{\ln(2x)} = \ln 2$
(e) $\ln\left(e^{x^2} - 4\right) = x^2 - \ln 4$

4. Use properties of logarithms to expand the following expression: $\log\left(\frac{x^4z^2}{\sqrt[3]{y}}\right)$

5. Use the laws of logarithms to expand the expression: $\ln\left(\frac{x^2(x-1)^{\frac{5}{2}}}{(x-4)^3}\right)$

6. Use the properties of logarithms to write the following as a single logarithm:

$$\frac{3}{2}\log_b x^3 y^4 - \frac{2}{3}\log_b x^4 y^3 - 2\log_b x y$$

- 7. Use the change of base formula to approximate the following:
 - (a) $\log_5 10$
 - (b) $\log_9 12$
 - (c) $\log_{15} 7$
- 8. Convert the following functions to base e exponentials:
 - (a) $f(x) = 100 \cdot 4^x$
 - (b) $g(x) = 50 \cdot \left(\frac{1}{4}\right)^x$
 - (c) $h(x) = 450 \cdot 5^{-2x}$

9. Solve the following equations (give exact answers whenever possible):

(a)
$$e^{3x-2} = e^{4-5x}$$

(b)
$$9^{2x} = 27(3)^{2x+1}$$

- (c) $\log_2(3x^2 3) = \log_2(x^2 + x)$
- (d) $\log_5(x^2 + 21) = 2$
- (e) $\log_2(2x) + \log_2(x-3) = 3$
- (f) $\log(\sqrt[4]{x+1}) = \frac{1}{2}$
- (g) $e^{2x-1} = 3$
- (h) $4^{2x-1} = 3^{5x}$
- 10. (a) Suppose you invest \$10,000 in a savings account that pays 3% annual interest compounded monthly. How much money will be in the account after 6 years?
 - (b) How long would it take \$5,000 invested at 6% annual interest compounded continuously to triple?
 - (c) Find the interest rate needed for an investment of \$2,000 to double in 6 years if the interest is comounded quarterly.
- 11. Suppose that a culture of bacteria that initially has 500 cells grows to 10,000 cells in 12 hours.
 - (a) Find a function f(t) that gives the number of cells in the culture as a function of time (in hours), assuming that this population grows continuously and exponentially.
 - (b) How long will it take for the culture to reach 1,000,000 cells?
- 12. Suppose a certain substance has a half life of 47 years. If you start with 100 grams of the substance, how long will it take for the amount to be reduced to 50 grams? How long will it take for the amount to be reduced to 12 grams?
- 13. For each quadratic function given below, find the coordinates of the vertex, and find the equation for the line of symmetry for the graph of the function.
 - (a) $f(x) = (x-5)^2 + 12$
 - (b) $f(x) = (x+3)^2 8$
 - (c) $f(x) = 2x^2 12x + 22$
 - (d) $f(x) = -4x^2 + 16x 13$
- 14. For each quadratic function given below, find the vertex, line of symmetry, and (if applicable) the x-intercepts of the function. Then graph the function carefully in the xy-plane.
 - (a) $f(x) = x^2 4x$
 - (b) $f(x) = 6x^2 + 7x 24$
 - (c) $f(x) = -2x^2 + 20x 43$
- 15. For each polynomial function given below, use the degree of the polynomial and the sign of the leading coefficient to describe the end behavior of the polynomial.
 - (a) $f(x) = 5x^4 3x^2 + 7$ (b) $f(x) = -2x^3 + 4x^2 - 15x + 12$ (c) $f(x) = 12x^5 - 5x^4 + 3x^2 - 12x + 7$ (d) $f(x) = -7x^6 + 5x^4 - 13x^3 + 21x^2 + 15x + 23$

16. For each polynomial function given below, find the zeroes of the polynomial and also give the multiplicity of each zero.

(a) $f(x) = x^4 + 3x^3 - 4x^2$ (b) $f(x) = x^3 + 2x^2 - 4x - 8$ (c) $f(x) = x(x-4)^4(x+3)^3$ (d) $f(x) = x^3(x-2)^2(x^2-4)^5$

17. Use the intermediate value theorem to show that $f(x) = 2x^3 + 5x^2 - 3$ has a zero between x = -3 and x = -2