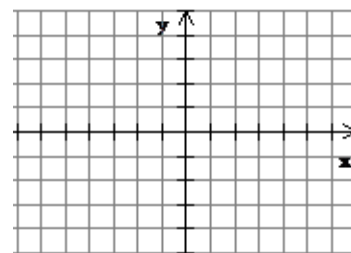
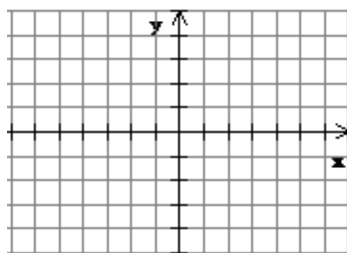
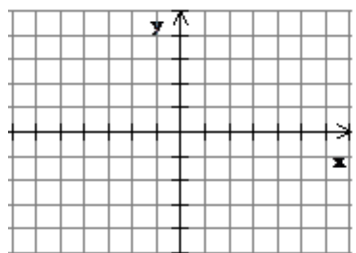
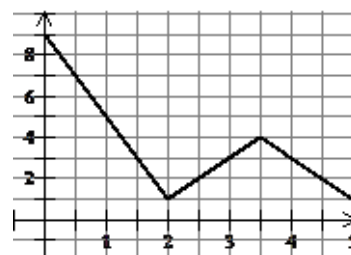
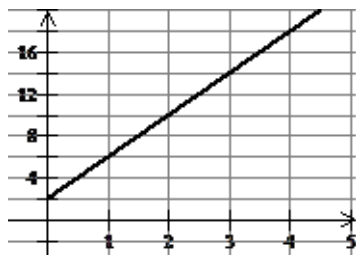


1. Graph the rate of change for each function.

- (a) Distance a snail moved in cm as a function of time in hrs.      (b) Water depth in inches as a function of time in minutes.      (c) Money in millions of \$ as a function of time in months.



2. (a) Find the average rate of change of the function  $f(x) = x^2 - 1$  over the interval  $[0, 2]$       (b) Find the average rate of change of the function  $G(t) = \sqrt{2t + 3}$  over the interval  $[-1, 3]$ .

3. (a) Find the slope of the curve  $h(x) = x^2 - 2x + 1$  at the point  $P(2, 1)$ .      (b) Find the equation to the tangent line to  $h$  at  $P$ .

4. Let  $f(t) = \frac{1}{t-1}$  for  $t \neq 1$

- (a) Find the average rate of change of  $f$  with respect to  $t$  interval (i)  $[2, 3]$  and (ii) in general for intervals of the form  $[2, T]$ . For (ii), be sure to simplify your answer as much as possible.

- (b) Fill in the table below to compute the average rate of change of  $f(t)$  over the interval  $[2, T]$  for the values  $T = 2.5, 2.1, 2.01, 2.001, 2.0001,$  and  $2.00001$ .

$T$	2.5	2.1	2.01	2.001	2.0001	2.00001
$f(T) = \frac{1}{T-1}$						
$f(T) - f(2) = \frac{1}{T-1} - 1$						
Avg. Rate of Change						

- (c) Based on the information in your table, make a conjecture about the value of the instantaneous rate of change of  $f$  with respect to  $t$  when  $t = 2$ .

- (d) Look back at your algebraically simplified answer to 4(a) part (ii) above. If you simplified completely and correctly, you should be able to substitute  $T = 2$  into the expression. What do you get when you do so?

- (e) How does the value you get by substituting in  $t = 2$  compare to your conjecture based on the information in the table above?