

Show all work for credit. Also, give exact answers unless otherwise noted.

1. The position function s of a particle moving along a coordinate line ℓ is given by $s(t) = 8t + \frac{2}{t}$, $0.25 \leq t \leq 8$ where the position, s , is in meters and the time, t , is in seconds.

- (a) Find the average velocity of the particle over each of the following three time intervals:

Approximate by rounding to the nearest hundred thousandth.

[4, 4.1]

[4, 4.01]

[4, 4.001]

- (b) Find the velocity of the particle at any time t (i.e., find $v(t)$). (c) When is the velocity of the particle 6 meters per second?

- (d) Find the velocity at 4 seconds.

- (e) In what direction is the particle moving at 4 seconds?

- (f) When does the particle reverse directions?

- (g) Find the acceleration of the particle at time t , $a(t)$.

2. The position of a particle along a straight-line path is given by $s(t) = t + 2 \cos(t)$, $0 < t < 2$ where the position is in meters and the time is in seconds. Find the position and acceleration of the particle at the times when it is **stopped**. *Determine the exact values - do not use a calculator.*

3. Find the derivative of each of the following functions. Simplify your answers completely.

(a) $y = x^3 + \sin x \cos x$

(b) $y = \tan x + \sec x$

(c) $g(x) = (x^2 + x - \sqrt{x}) \tan x$

(d) $y = \sqrt[3]{x^2} \sin x$

(e) $s(t) = \frac{\cos x}{1 + \sin x}$

(f) Find y'' if $y = \csc x$