Standard Synthesis Laboratory Report Format (example): The following layout is standard for a 'synthesis reaction" report. Provide the parts and information in the sequence specified.

- 1. Title = Reaction Summary For an organic reaction, there is no point in having a Worded Title: The chemical reaction is the best title summary of what you did!
- 2. Listing of all Chemicals Used
- This should include all chemicals used, including solvents.



- For each chemical, you should include the actual quantity used and measured. For example, with the methyl benzoate you measured a volume by syringe, rather than by weighing on a balance. So you should list the volume you actually used rather than just the weight.
- For reactants that might possibly be limiting reactants and might possibly factor into calculation of the theoretical yield, you must include more than just the quantity of chemical used. You should also include a conversion from what you measured into the number of moles used.
- In some cases, there may be considerable roundoff (you needn't keep precise record of the quantity of solvent that was used, for example, or of sodium sulfate drying agent...)
- If a person was later to repeat your experiment, they should be able to look at this list and know all the chemicals they'd need to have on hand and in what quantities, in order to complete the experiment.
- 3. Calculation of Theoretical Yield
- Specify which chemical is the limiting reactant
- Given moles of limiting reactant, calculate theoretical moles of product •
- Given moles of product, calculate theoretical grams of product.
- Note: Why do this so early in report?
 - First, because it fits in near your mole calculations above.
 - Second, if calculated in advance, as with most research, you know which chemical is limiting and thus must be measured most carefully, but you also know which are in excess and thus need not be measured with equal precision.
 - Third, it's nice to know approximately how much material is expected, so you can recognize 0 whether your actual results are reasonable or problematic.
- 4. Writeup of Actual Procedure.
- For this particular experiment, the "procedure" section will be by far the biggest portion of your report.
- This should be a concise but detailed description of things, including:
 - What you actually did (even if not recommended or not from recipe) 0
 - All observations should be included. These include all observed changes, such as: 0
 - Changes in **color**
 - Changes in **solubility** (formation of precipitate or cloudiness...)
 - Changes in **temperature** (like, reaction became hot...) •
 - Formation of **bubbles**
 - Time and temperature details: Ο
 - Whenever you heat something or cool something, the procedure should specify
 - Specify times. Whether you boiled for 5 minutes or 5 hours matters!
- Writing details: As a record of what actually happened, the report must be written in past tense, not command tense. (Rather than "Add this", should read "I added this", or "I dropped that...") 0
 - Use of personal pronouns is accepted in this class. You may use "I" or "we" to simplify writing.
- 5. Product Analysis
- Any GC, NMR, mp, bp, or TLC information. For this report, mp information must be included. What's required depends on the actual experiment and what data was obtained.
- Final vield and percent vield information.
- 6. Discussion/Summary. Need not be long, but any conclusions or excuses would go here...
- 7. Answers to any assigned Questions