

## Study Guide Part II

### Introductory Geometry (Chapter 11)

- Be able to draw different types of figures along with naming polygons
- Identify the level of student understanding according to the van Hiele Theory of Geometric Development
- Find missing angles within different polygons
- Convert measurements in both metric and English systems.
- Students will find missing angle measures in a variety of polygons
- Students will explain how to determine missing angle measures when parallel lines are cut by transversals.
- Use the correct names and symbols for segments, rays, lines, and angles
- Draw a network given an floor plan
- Students will determine if a network is traversable and if it forms an Euler circuit

Recommended Practice Problems:

**Chapter 11 Review pp. 698-700 #1, 9, 13.a, 26, 27, 32, 33**

### Constructions, Congruence, and Similarity (Chapter 12)

- Explain why triangles are congruent or similar.
- Construct triangles with given side lengths and angles using compass and ruler.
- Construct incircle or circumcircle for a triangle.
- Apply the properties of quadrilaterals (See p. 727) to determine the type of shapes that fit a set of conditions.
- Students will find the equation of a line passing through given points.
- Students will find missing side lengths of similar triangles from story problems

Recommended Practice Problems:

**Chapter 12 Review pp. 765-767 #1, 9, 11, 15, 17**

### Motion Geometry & Tessellations (Chapter 13)

- Create reflection symmetry and point symmetry
- Describe the four rigid motions
- Find and describe the image under each rigid motion
- Students will describe why some polygons do tessellate a plane while others do not.

Recommended Practice Problems:

**Chapter 13 Review pp. 824-826 #3, 6, 13 a & b**

## Measurement (Chapter 14)

- Know and apply the measurement process
- Determine the area of rectangles, triangles, parallelograms, trapezoids, circles, and figures made up of a combination of these shapes
- Use the relationships of the Pythagorean Theorem and its converse
- Estimate the measurement using benchmarks
- Calculate volume of a solid
- Calculate the surface area of a solid
- Convert measurements in our measurement system and the metric system
- Find the distance between points

### Recommended Practice Problems:

#### **Chapter 13 Review pp. 917-920 #1.c, 16.b & the problems below**

1) Complete the following:

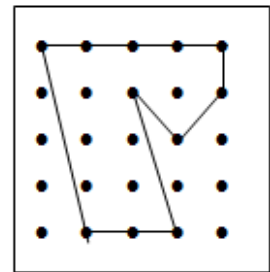
- 1.2 ml = \_\_\_\_\_ dl
- 230 dag = \_\_\_\_\_ kg
- 230,000 m<sup>2</sup> = \_\_\_\_\_ hm<sup>2</sup>
- 9,800 mm<sup>3</sup> = \_\_\_\_\_ cm<sup>3</sup>
- 75 in = \_\_\_\_\_ m

2) What type of triangle is formed: a right triangle, obtuse triangle, acute triangle?

(a) 17, 18, 13

(b) 26, 15, 20

3) What is the area of the polygon formed on the dot paper?



4) Create a polygon with five or more sides that has the same area.

