

#1. (a) $\{1, 2, 3, 6, 9, 18\} \cap \{1, 2, 5, 10\} = \{1, 2\}$

$= \text{GCD}(18, 10) = 2$

$\{18, 36, 54, 72, 90, 108, \dots\} \cap \{10, 20, 30, 40, 50, 60, 70, 80, 90, \dots\}$

$= \{90, 180, 270, \dots\}$

$\text{LCM}(18, 10) = 90$

(b) $\{1, 2, 3, 4, 6, 8, 12, 24\} \cap \{1, 2, 3, 4, 6, 9, 12, 18, 36\} = \{1, 2, 3, 4, 6, 12\}$

$\text{GCD}(24, 36) = 12$

$\{24, 48, 72, 96, 120, 144, \dots\} \cap \{36, 72, 108, 144, \dots\}$

$= \{72, 144, 216, \dots\}$

$\text{LCM}(24, 36) = 72$

(c) $\{1, 2, 4, 8\} \cap \{1, 2, 3, 4, 6, 8, 12, 24\} \cap \{1, 2, 4, 13, 26, 52\} = \{1, 2, 4\}$

$\text{GCD}(8, 24, 52) = 4$

$\{8, 16, 24, 32, 40, 48, \dots\} \cap \{96, \dots\} \cap \{192, \dots, 288, 296, 304, 312, \dots\}$

$\{24, 48, 72, 96, 120, 144, \dots, 288, 312, \dots\}$

$\{52, 104, 156, 208, 260, 312, \dots\} = \{312, 624, \dots\}$

$\text{LCM}(8, 24, 52) = 312$

(d) $\{1, 7\} \cap \{1, 3, 9\} = \{1\}$

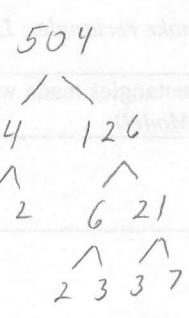
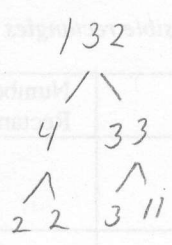
$\text{GCD}(7, 9) = 1$

$\{7, 14, 21, 28, 35, 42, 49, 56, 63, \dots\}$

$\cap \{9, 18, 27, 36, 45, 54, 63, \dots\} = \{63, 126, \dots\}$

$\text{LCM}(7, 9) = 63$

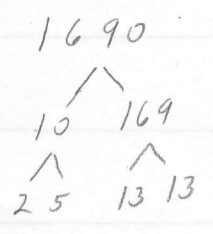
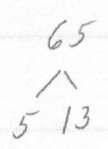
2. (a)



$$\begin{aligned}
 132 &= 2^2 \cdot 3 \cdot 11 \\
 504 &= 2^3 \cdot 3^2 \cdot 7
 \end{aligned}$$

$$\begin{aligned}
 \text{GCD}(132, 504) &= 2^2 \cdot 3 = 12 \\
 \text{LCM}(132, 504) &= 2^3 \cdot 3^2 \cdot 7 \cdot 11 \\
 &= 5,544
 \end{aligned}$$

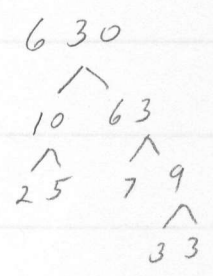
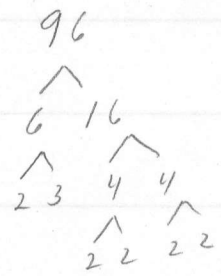
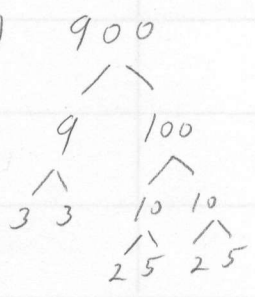
(b)



$$\begin{aligned}
 65 &= 5 \cdot 13 \\
 1690 &= 2 \cdot 5 \cdot 13^2
 \end{aligned}$$

$$\begin{aligned}
 \text{GCD}(65, 1690) &= 5 \cdot 13 = 65 \\
 \text{LCM}(65, 1690) &= 2 \cdot 5 \cdot 13^2 = 1690
 \end{aligned}$$

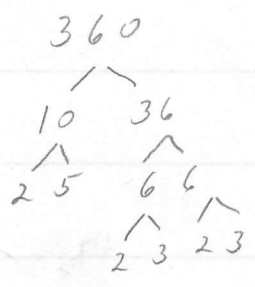
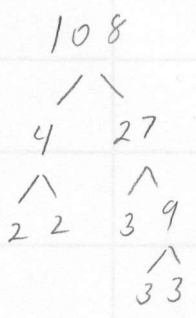
(c)



$$\begin{aligned}
 900 &= 2^2 \cdot 3^2 \cdot 5^2 \\
 96 &= 2^5 \cdot 3 \\
 630 &= 2 \cdot 3^2 \cdot 5 \cdot 7
 \end{aligned}$$

$$\begin{aligned}
 \text{GCD}(900, 96, 630) &= 2 \cdot 3 = 6 \\
 \text{LCM}(900, 96, 630) &= 2^5 \cdot 3^2 \cdot 5^2 \cdot 7 \\
 &= 50,400
 \end{aligned}$$

(d)



$$\begin{aligned}
 108 &= 2^2 \cdot 3^3 \\
 360 &= 2^3 \cdot 3^2 \cdot 5
 \end{aligned}$$

$$\begin{aligned}
 \text{GCD}(108, 360) &= 2^2 \cdot 3^2 = 36 \\
 \text{LCM}(108, 360) &= 2^3 \cdot 3^3 \cdot 5 = 1080
 \end{aligned}$$

#3. (a) $220 \overline{) 2924}$

$$\begin{array}{r} 13 \\ 220 \overline{) 2924} \\ \underline{-220} \\ 724 \\ \underline{-660} \\ 64 \end{array}$$

$64 \overline{) 220}$

$$\begin{array}{r} 3 \\ 64 \overline{) 220} \\ \underline{-192} \\ 28 \end{array}$$

$28 \overline{) 64}$

$$\begin{array}{r} 2 \\ 28 \overline{) 64} \\ \underline{-56} \\ 8 \end{array}$$

$8 \overline{) 28}$

$$\begin{array}{r} 3 \\ 8 \overline{) 28} \\ \underline{-24} \\ 4 \end{array}$$

$4 \overline{) 8}$

$$\begin{array}{r} 2 \\ 4 \overline{) 8} \\ \underline{-8} \\ 0 \end{array}$$

GCD(220, 2924) = 4

(b) $10856 \overline{) 14595}$

$$\begin{array}{r} 1 \\ 10856 \overline{) 14595} \\ \underline{-10856} \\ 3739 \end{array}$$

$$\begin{array}{r} 2 \\ 3739 \overline{) 10856} \\ \underline{-7478} \\ 3378 \end{array}$$

$$\begin{array}{r} 1 \\ 3378 \overline{) 3739} \\ \underline{-3378} \\ 361 \end{array}$$

$$\begin{array}{r} 9 \\ 361 \overline{) 3739} \\ \underline{-3249} \\ 490 \end{array}$$

GCD(10856, 14595) = 1

#4. (a)

$24 = 2^3 \cdot 3$

$36 = 2^2 \cdot 3^2$

$LCM(24, 36) = 2^3 \cdot 3^2 = 72$

$90 = 2 \cdot 3^2 \cdot 5$

$96 = 2^5 \cdot 3$

$LCM(72, 90, 96) = 2^5 \cdot 3^2 \cdot 5 = 1440$

(c) $90 = 2 \cdot 3^2 \cdot 5$

$105 = 3 \cdot 5 \cdot 7$

$315 = 3^2 \cdot 5 \cdot 7$

$LCM(90, 105, 315) = 2 \cdot 3^2 \cdot 5 \cdot 7 = 630$

$= 15^{200}$

#5. (a) $LCM(220, 2924) = 220 \cdot 2924 \div 4 = 160820$

(b) $LCM(14595, 10856) = 14595 \cdot 10856 \div 1 = 158443320$

$$\begin{array}{r} 55 \\ 4 \overline{) 220} \\ \underline{-20} \\ 20 \\ \underline{-20} \\ 0 \end{array}$$

$$\begin{array}{r} 2924 \\ \times 55 \\ \hline 14595 \\ 29240 \\ \hline 160820 \end{array}$$

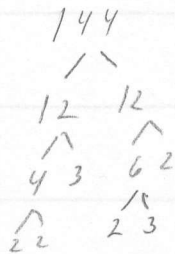
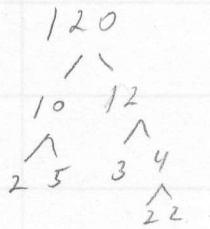
#7. (a) $15 = 3 \cdot 5$
 $40 = 2^3 \cdot 5$
 $60 = 2^2 \cdot 3 \cdot 5$

$LCM(15, 40, 60) = 2^3 \cdot 3 \cdot 5 = 120$

The clocks will go off simultaneously every 2 hours. The next time will be 8:00 a.m.

(b) No

#8.



$120 = 2^3 \cdot 3 \cdot 5$

$144 = 2^4 \cdot 3^2$

$GCD(120, 144) = 2^3 \cdot 3 = 24$

Midas may place at most 24 coins in each stack.

#9. $24 = 2^3 \cdot 3$ $LCM(24, 45) = 2^3 \cdot 3^2 \cdot 5 = 360$
 $45 = 3^2 \cdot 5$ $360 \div 24 = 15$

The fewest number of cookies Jose could have sold is 15.

#10. $\{12, 24, 36, \dots\} \cap \{18, 36, \dots\} = \{36, 72, \dots\}$

$LCM(12, 18) = 36$

They will meet again in 36 minutes.

#11. $12 = 2^2 \cdot 3$ $LCM(12, 18, 16) = 2^4 \cdot 3^2 = 144$
 $18 = 2 \cdot 3^2$
 $16 = 2^4$

They all pass the starting point again at the same time in 144 minutes.

#12. (a) $LCM(a, b) = ab$ (b) $LCM(a, a) = GCD(a, a) = a$

(c) $GCD(a^2, a) = a$ (d) $GCD(a, b) = a$
 $LCM(a^2, a) = a^2$ $LCM(a, b) = b$

#13. (a) True, since they must be relatively prime, 2 cannot be a factor of both.

(b) True, $2|a$ and $2|b$ since 2 is a divisor of a and b .

(c) False, $GCD(12, 28) = 4$.

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20. $xy = 1,000,000 = 10^6 = (2.5)^6 = 2^6 \cdot 5^6 = (64)(15625)$

22.

$$\begin{array}{r} 1037 \\ 3 \overline{) 3111} \\ \underline{-3} \\ 11 \\ \underline{-9} \\ 21 \\ \underline{-21} \\ 0 \end{array}$$

$3111 = 3(1037)$

3111 is not prime.

23. (Answers may vary)

Example. $2 \cdot 3 \cdot 5 \cdot 7 \cdot 11 \cdot 13 = 30,030$

25. $45^2 = 2025 < 2089 < 2116 = 46^2$

The greatest prime need to test is 43.